"Atomic Habits: Tiny Changes, Remarkable Results"

By: James Clear



A Book Club Session

Hi, I'm James Clear



- I received my degree in biomechanics from Denison University in 2008
- In 2012 I first began writing about self-improvement.
- I'm the **author** of the #1 New York Times bestseller, Atomic Habits
- sold more than 15 million copies worldwide
- translated into 50+ languages.
- Speaker at major companies and events.
- Weightlifter and (former) athlete.
- Contributor to Against Malaria Foundation (AMF).

Why are they called Atomic Habits?

 Atomic Habits by James Clear is a comprehensive, practical guide on how to change your habits and get 1% better every day.

 Using a framework called the Four Laws of Behavior Change, Atomic Habits teaches readers a simple set of rules for creating good habits and breaking bad ones.

THE FUNDAMENTALS

Why Tiny Changes Make a Big Difference

Why small (aka Atomic) changes are the way to go?

- 3 Key Lessons from Atomic Habits
- Lesson 1: Small habits make a big difference

"Too often we convince ourselves that **massive success** requires **massive action".**

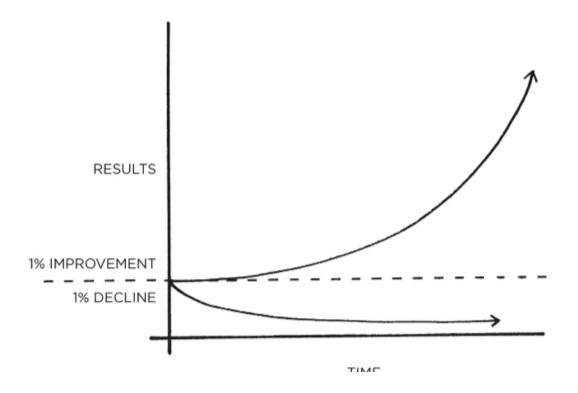
Meanwhile, improving by 1 percent isn't particularly notable—sometimes
it isn't even noticeable—but it can be far more meaningful, especially in
the long run.

Lesson 1: Small habits make a big difference

1% BETTER EVERY DAY

1% worse every day for one year. $0.99^{365} = 00.03$

1% better every day for one year. $1.01^{365} = 37.78$



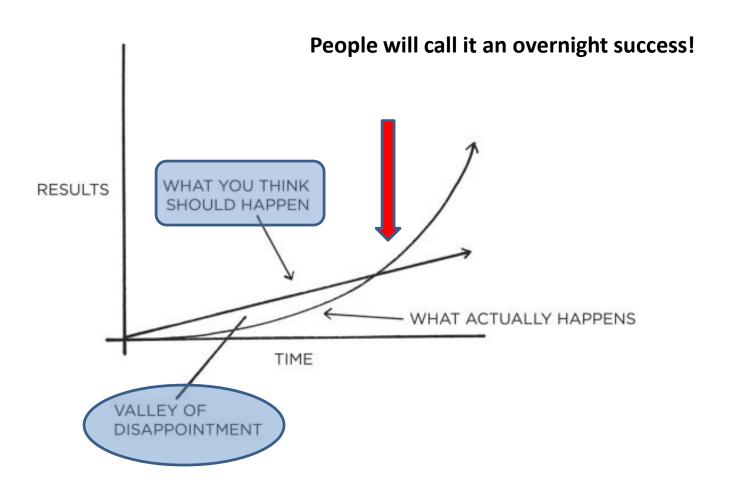
- Meanwhile, improving by I percent isn't particularly notable— sometimes
 it isn't even noticeable—but it can be far more meaningful, especially in
 the long run.
- Here's how the math works out: if you can get I percent better each day
 for one year, you'll end up thirty-seven times better by the time you're
 done.
- Conversely, if you get 1 percent worse each day for one year, you'll
 decline nearly down to zero. What starts as a small win or a minor
 setback accumulates into something much more.

It doesn't matter how successful or unsuccessful you are right now.
 What matters is whether your habits are putting you on the path toward success.

Focus on getting 1 percent better every day!



The Plateau of Latent Potential



- Lesson 2: Forget about setting goals. Focus on your system instead.
- Goals are about the results you want to achieve.
- Systems are about the processes that lead to those results. Page 23
- If you're having trouble changing your habits, the problem isn't you. The problem is your system.
- Bad habits repeat themselves again and again not because you don't want to change, but because you have the wrong system for change.

- For example, a musician's goal is to play a new song.
- Their system is how often they practice, how they break it up into different pieces, how they take feedback from their instructor and implement it.
- For an entrepreneur, their goal might be to build a million dollar business. Their system is how they test products, their marketing campaigns, the team they hire to implement.

FORGET ABOUT GOALS, FOCUS ON SYSTEMS INSTEAD

Problem #1: Winners and losers have the same goals.

Problem #2: Achieving a goal is only a momentary change.

• Problem #3: Goals restrict your happiness.

Problem #4: Goals are at odds with long-term progress.

 You do not rise to the level of your goals. You fall to the level of your systems. Page 28

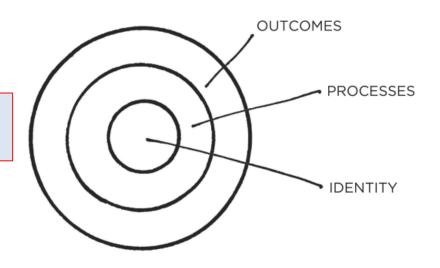
 Atomic Habits presents a proven system for building good habits and breaking bad ones.

- **Lesson 3**: Build identity-based habits
- The key to building lasting habits is focusing on creating a new identity first. Your current behaviors are simply a reflection of your current identity. What you do now is a mirror image of the type of person you believe that you are (either consciously or subconsciously).
- To change your behavior for good, you need to <u>start believing new things</u> <u>about yourself.</u> You need to <u>build identity-based habits.</u>

THREE LAYERS OF BEHAVIOR CHANGE

- The first layer is changing your outcomes. (e.g. losing weight, winning a championship)
- The second layer is changing your process. (e.g. implementing a new routine at the gym, decluttering your desk for better workflow)
- The third and deepest layer is changing your identity. (changing your beliefs, your worldview, your self-image.....)

Your habits shape your identity, and your identity shapes your habits."



- Changing your beliefs isn't nearly as hard as you might think. There are two steps.
- 1. Decide the type of person you want to be.
- 2. Prove it to yourself with small wins.
- Your identity emerges out of your habits. Every action is a vote for the type of person you wish to become.

The Science of How Habits Work

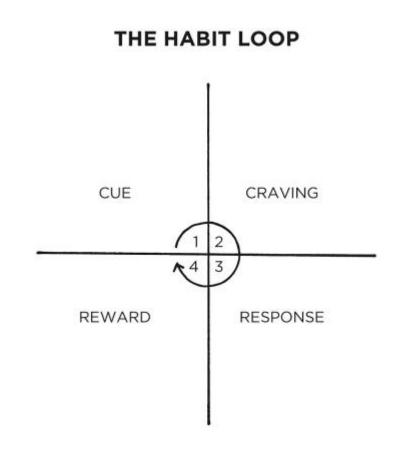
Building a habit can be broken down into four steps:

1. Cue

2. Craving

3. Response

4. Reward



The Science of How Habits Work

These steps always go in the same order and follow one after another.

- Cue: It is a bit of information that predicts a reward.
- Cravings are the motivational force behind every habit.
- Response is the actual habit you perform.
- Rewards satisfy your craving, and teach us which actions are worth remembering in the future.

"The *cue* triggers a *craving*, which motivates a *response*, which provides a *reward*, which satisfies the craving and, ultimately becomes associated with the cue.

Together, these four steps form a neurological feedback loop." - page 50

The 4 Laws of Behavior Change

"You can think of each law as a lever that influences human behavior. When the levers are in the right positions, creating good habits is effortless. When they are in the wrong positions, it is nearly impossible." - page 54

So here are the 4 laws:

1st Law: Make it obvious (the Cue)

2nd Law: Make it attractive (the Craving)

3rd Law: Make it easy (the Response)

4th Law: Make it satisfying (the Reward)

